William Dunlap. pposed he is sent off by his Father choolmafter in Lancaster; to his - Wells, in Baltimore County, harbour'd by him, or fome one

EAS Elizabeth, the the Subscriber, living near Maped from him, and may probably This is therefore to forewarn all usting the faid Elizabeth, on his will pay no Debts of her contrad-Day of April, 1755

Charles Nell.

IEL BUTLER. G procured an exceed-

BLOCK-MAKER, from ries on that Business in Amapelia, ly kept by Thomas Fleming; and ho may want Blocks of any Sort, y depend on being served in the mends Pumps for Shipping and turns twifted Ballisters and hollow

BE SOLD. louses and Lot late in

tion of Thomas King of this City, baled. For further Particulars ap-Benjamin Wellb.

IMPORTED,

OUND, Catt. ALEX. STEWART, OON, and to be Sold, on bord by the Subscriber, either by white:

AN and Irish Linens, nd white Sheeting, Ofnabrigs and emons, refin'd Sugar, Cheefe, Les-Ale, in Bottles and Cask, Pickles, Anchovies, Olives, and Catchup, offard, and Westen's Snuff, Gloves all Sorts, Hats and Bonnets for Laschion fine Flawse Tippets, Scotch orts, Stocking Breeches and Waste-brown marbl'd and white Thread al Sorts of hard Ware, Earthen and tle inferior to China, viz. white coise Plates and Dishes, plain, scolr'd, hand Basons and Bottles, Fruit Coffee and Chocolate Cups, all Pans, Jugs, &c. Cordage and

James Houston.

way from the Subscriber, Alexandria, on the 26th of March Servant Man, named Jamis Large, tle bruifed and black: He had on a plour'd Coat, lined with Alopen, attons, a strip'd Linsey Jacket, the at Parts, I believe, is of two Sort, pur'd Pea working Jacket with Pew-Pair of light colour'd Breeches with and has a Hat and Wig. He mall Bay Horfe, has a Curb Bridle, ut can't describe it.

kes up the faid Servant, and brings to the Subscriber, shall have a Pif-taken in the County, if taken out Two Pistoles, beside what the Law John Dalton.

Orrice in Charles-street; ISEMENTS of a moderate per Week after for ConTHE

[Numb. 526.]

MARTLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, June 5, 1755.

His MAJESTY's mest gracious MESSAGE
to the Right Hensurable the Lords Spiritual and
Temperal, in Parliament assembled, on Tuesday
the 25th Day of March, 1755.

GEORGE R.

IS Majesty having at the Beginning of
this Session declared, That His principal Object was to preserve the public
Tranquility, and, at the same Time,
to protect those Possessions, which make
ene great Source of the Commerce and Wealth of
His Kingdoms; now finds it necessary to acquaint
the House of Lords, that the present Situation of
Affairs makes it requisite to augment His Forces by Affairs makes it requifite to augment His Forces by Ses and Land; and to take such other Measures as may best tend to preserve the general Peace of Surete, and to secure the just Rights and Possessions. Firett, and to fecure the just Rights and Postessions of His Crown in America; as well as to repel any Attempts whatfoever, that may be made to support or countenance any Designs which may be formed squist His Majesty, and His Kingdoms. And His Mijesty doubts not but He shall have the Concurrence and Support of this House (on whose Affection and Zeal He entirely relies) in making such Aug. and Zeal He entirely relies) in making such Augmentations, and taking such Measures for the Support of the Honour of His Crown, and the true laterests of His People, and for the Security of His Dominions in the present critical Conjuncture, as the Exigency of Affairs may require: In doing which, His Majesty will have as much Regard to the Esse of His good Subjects, as shall be consistent with their Ease and Welfare.

G. R.

The bumble ADDRESS of the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament of mibled, the 25th Day of March, 1755.

Most gracious Sovereign,

Most gracious Sovereign,

W E Your Majesty's most dutiful and soyal
Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return Your
Majesty our humble Thanks for Your most gracious

Nothing can more clearly demonstrate Your Ma-Nothing can more clearly demonstrate Your Ma-jety's paternal Concern for the Welfars and Prof-perty of Your People, than the Royal Care and arm Resolution, which You have had the Goodness to repeat to us, to maintain the just Rights and Presents of Your Crown against all Encroach-mun, and to protect the Commerce of Your King-

The Prefervation of the public Peace is an Object, which Your Majesty, out of Your benevolent Diponion for the Good of Your faithful Subjects, as pration for the Good of Your faithful Subjects, as will as of Mankind in general, will always have it Heart; and we thankfully acknowlege Your put Wisdom, in taking the most vigorous and tradual Measures to prevent the Infraction of it. Duty and Affection to Your Majesty, Zeal for Your Royal Person, Family and Government, have always been the great Motives of our Conduct. Warmed with these Sentiments, and unalterably ind in the same Principles, we are fully convinced

Warmed with these Sentiments, and unalterably ind in the same Principles, we are fully convinced it what high Importance it is, to strengthen Your Mijedy's Hands, in the present Situation of Affairs. And we do, from the Bottom of our Hearts, as fire Your Majesty, that we will chearfully and reprosely support Your Majesty in making such Argumentations of Your Forces, by Sea and Land, and in taking such other Measures, as Events may nake necessary, for maintaining the Honour, Rights and Possessing of Your Crown, and the true Interth of Your People, and for the Security of trefis of Your People, and for the Security of Your Dominions; and that we will zealoufly fland by and affift Your Majesty, in repelling any Atto the man and the four wasjeny, in repening any statement whatfoever, that may be made to support or countenance any Designs which may be formed such Your Majesty, and Your Kingdoms.

E MAJESTY's most gracious ANSWER.

My Lords,
I HANK you for this affectionate Address.
Nothing Shall be wanting on my Part, that may had to the effectual Support of the just Rights and

GEORGE, R.

IS Majesty having at the Beginning of this Session declared, that His principal Object was, to preserve the public Tranquility, and at the same Time, to protect those Possessions, which make one great Source of the Commerce and Wealth of His Kingdoms, now finds it necessary to acquaint the House of Commons, that the present Situation of Affairs makes it requisite to augment His Forces, by Sea and Land, and to take such other Measures, as may best tend to preserve the general Peace of Europe, and to secure the just Rights and Possessions of his Crown in America, as well as to repel any Attempts whatsoever, that as well as to repel any Attempts whatfoever, that may be made to support or countenance any Defigns, which may be formed against His Majesty and His Kingdoms; and His Majesty doubts not but His faithful Commons (on whote Affection and Teal He entirely relies) will easile. Him to make Zeal He entirely relies) will enable Him to make Zeal He entirely relies) will enable Him to make fuch Augmentations, and to take fuch Measures, for the Support of the Honour of His Crown, and the true Interests of His People, and for the Security of His Dominions, in the present critical Conjuncture, as the Exigency of Assars may require; in doing which His Majesty will have as much Regard to the Ease of His good Subjects, as shall be consistent with their Safety and Welfare.

G. R.

Resolved, Nemine Contradicente,
That an humble Address be presented to his Majefty, to return him the Thanks of this House for his most gracious Message; and to express the entire Considence this House has in his Majesty's con-Rant Attention to preserve the public Tranquility, to maintain the Commerce and true Interests of his People, and to secure the just Rights and Possessia ons of his Crown, against all Attempts whatsoever; to assure his Majesty, that his faithful Commons will, with the utmost Zeal and Affection for his will, with the utmost Zeal and Affection for his Royal Person, Family and Government, effectually enable his Majesty to make such Augmentation of his Forces, by Sea and Land, and to take such Measures for the Security of his Dominions, the Trade and Commerce of his People, and the just Rights and Possessions of his Crown, as shall be found necessary in the present Conjuncture; and that they will, with the greatest Vigour and Resolution, stand by, and support his Majesty, in repelling every Attempt that may be made to counpelling every Attempt that may be made to countenance or support any Designs, which may be formed against his Majesty, and his Kingdoms.

That the faid Address be presented to his Majesty by the whole House.

Ordered,

That fuch Members of this House, as are of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, do humbly know his Majesty's Pleasure, when he will be attended by this House.

Ordered,
That his Majesty's most gracious Message be referred to the Consideration of the Committee of the whole House, to whom it was referred to consider further of the Supply granted to his Majesty.

STRASBURG, March 10.

N Obedience to the Orders of the Court, several Officers of the Corps of Engineers, are preparing to fet out from hence, and other Places of this Province, for Breft, to embark there with the Troops which are going to America.

Genea, March 15. According to the last Letters we have received from Barcelona, they are making Levies all over Spain, to form the new Battalions, which the Court has ordered to every Regiment.

Paris, March 20. The general Opinion here feems to be, that War can scarce be avoided to the court has ordered to be a sourced from it.

only Advantage that can be expected from it is, that in all Probability it will stiffe the Disorders in the Church, which begin to have worse Conse-

quences every Day.

March 28. The 26th Inflant several Expresses were dispatched from the War-Office to Britanny, and it is said they carry Orders for the Troops quartered at Hennebon, Quimperlay, Quimpereorentin, Landerneau, and Marlaix, to advance towards Brest, till all Things can be got ready for embarking them. We don't think that more than fix Battalions will embark: as to their Destination. fix Battalions will embark; as to their Defination, it appears certain that they are going to Canada, and some even name the Place where they are to Land.

It is decided that the King's Troops shall form three Camps this Summer, viz. One in Flanders, another in Alface, and the third on the Saare, near Saare-Louis.

March 8. A Correspondent in Holland writes, that the King of Prussia, pretending to be alarmed at the new Levies of Soldiers in Russia, has demanded of France the 6000 Men with which that Crown is obliged by Treaty to furnish him in case of Need.

Yesterday the Lime, of 20 Guns, and the Dispatch Sloop, sailed to make their Observations on the Enemy's Coasts.

Wagers of Two to One are offered, that a War with France will be declared within a Month. It is faid that the Prize-money which was taken in the last War amounted to double the Sum which

was expended on the Navy.

We hear that his Majefly will not go Abroad this Summer; and that the Parliament will fit till

June.

March 15. The following Regiments are coming from Ireland, viz. Lord London's, Lord Home's, Lord R. Bertie's, General Folliot's, Jordan's, and Anstruther's.

March 22. Some Letters from Paris tell us, that Marshal Lowendahl, in a late Conversation with the King, upon the Subject of a War, was weak enough in the Heat of his Zeal to fay, that, with a Force of 15,000 Men only, he himself would undertake to invade Great-Britain, upon the Forfeit of his Right Hand.

We hear that the Dutch are at length roused from their Lethargy, and begin to think seriously of arming to desend themselves and the Liberties

We hear that Orders have been dispatched to Jamaica, for viewing, and (if necessary) repairing the Fortresses at Kingson and Port-Royal. By private Letters from Ferrol, it appears, that they have actually fixteen Men of War in that Port, viz. Four of 90 Guns each, one of 80, one of 64, two of 70, four of 60, three of 40, and one of 30 Guns; but we don't hear how many of them

or 30 Guns; but we don't hear now many or them are already fitted out, or whether they intend to equip them all.

By Letters from France, it is faid, that a War is looked upon as already declared between the two Kingdoms, by the English Forces sent to America; fince the King of France has declared his Resolutions of supporting his Alliances in all Parts, at all on of supporting his Alliances in all Parts, at all Events.

Informations have been given of seventeen more Officers in the French Service being hovering on the Coast of Scotland; and that those who were taken have got great Sums of Money about them.

It is reported that thirteen suspected Persons are seized in Scotland, and that the Lord Elcho is one of them; and that Twenty-three People were taken out of the Offend Packet-Boat, and put on board a Tender, and are coming up to Town.